UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q
(X) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2000
OR
( ) THE TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the transition period from $\qquad$ to $\qquad$

Commission File Number 01-21617
THE QUIGLEY CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
 $\begin{array}{cc}\text { (State or other jurisdiction } & \text { (IRS Employer } \\ \text { of incorporation or organization) } & \text { Identification No.) }\end{array}$
(MAILING ADDRESS: PO Box 1349, Doylestown, PA 18901.)
Kells Building, 621 Shady Retreat Road, Doylestown, PA 18901
(Address of principle executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (215) 345-0919
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15(\mathrm{~d})$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. [X] Yes [ ] No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's class of Common Stock, as of the latest practicable date. The number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of Common Stock, as of July 15, 2000, was $10,659,553$ all of one class of $\$ .0005$ par value Common Stock.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I - Financial information

| Item 1. | Consolidated Financial Statements | $3-9$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Item 2. | Management's Discussion and Analysis of <br> Financial Condition and Results of Operations | $10-12$ |
| Item 3. | Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About <br> Market Risk |  |

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PART II - Other Information
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| Item 1. | Legal Proceedings |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Item 2. | Changes in Securities |  |
| Item 3. | Defaults Upon Senior Securities | 12 |
| Item 4. | Submission of Matters to a <br>  <br>  <br> Vote of Security Holders | 12 |
| Item 5. | Other Information |  |
| Item 6. | Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K | 13 |
|  | Signatures | 13 |
| EDGAR | Exhibit 27 | 13 |

                    -2-
    THE QUIGLEY CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & ASSETS & June 30,2000 (unaudited) & December 31,1999 \\
\hline <S> & & <C> & <C> \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

CURRENT ASSETS:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Cash and cash equivalents & \$ 8,213,998 & \$13,990,475 \\
\hline Accounts receivable (less doubtful accounts of \(\$ 429,105\) and \(\$ 239,065) \ldots . . . . .\). & 1,860,082 & 6,639,687 \\
\hline Inventory & 6,671,019 & 6,170,005 \\
\hline Prepaid income taxes & 2,500,247 & 2,485,247 \\
\hline Prepaid expenses and other current assets & 1,488,908 & 1,390,702 \\
\hline TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS & 20,734,254 & 30,676,116 \\
\hline PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - net. & 2,112,768 & 1,943,313 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{OTHER ASSETS:} \\
\hline Patent rights - Less accumulated amortization & 153,582 & 197,463 \\
\hline Other assets & 632,748 & 454,164 \\
\hline TOTAL OTHER ASSETS. & 786,330 & 651,627 \\
\hline TOTAL ASSETS & \$23,633,352 & \$33,271,056 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Accounts payable & \$ 459,569 & \$ 395,778 \\
\hline Accrued royalties and sales c & 768,170 & 1,722,715 \\
\hline Accrued advertising & 1,433,547 & 4,523,901 \\
\hline Accrued freight & 88,886 & 104,263 \\
\hline Other current liabilities & 243,299 & 308,790 \\
\hline TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES & 2,993,471 & 7,055,447 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Common stock, \$.0005 par value;authorized 50,000,000;} \\
\hline Issued: 15,141,206 and 14,831,384 shares. & 7,571 & 7,415 \\
\hline Additional paid-in-capital & 28,806,952 & 28,807,108 \\
\hline Retained earnings. & 16,869,942 & 22,445,670 \\
\hline Less: Treasury stock, 4,481,653 shares, at cost.. & \((25,044,584)\) & \((25,044,584)\) \\
\hline TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY. & 20,639,881 & 26,215,609 \\
\hline TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY. & \$23,633,352 & \$33,271,056 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```
</TABLE>
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\section*{See accompanying notes to financial statements}
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-3-
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THE QUIGLEY CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)


OPERATING EXPENSES:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Sales and marketing & 903,276 & 1,973,149 & 7,582,932 & 7,984,562 \\
\hline Administration & 1,797,727 & 1,433,517 & 3,556,526 & 2,904,381 \\
\hline TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES & 2,701,003 & 3,406,666 & 11,139,458 & 10,888,943 \\
\hline LOSS FROM OPERATIONS & \((1,810,119)\) & \((2,006,329)\) & \((5,908,716)\) & \((5,404,354)\) \\
\hline INTEREST and OTHER INCOME & 157,829 & 197,102 & 332,988 & 553,791 \\
\hline LOSS BEFORE TAXES & \((1,652,290)\) & \((1,809,227)\) & \((5,575,728)\) & \((4,850,563)\) \\
\hline INCOME TAXES BENEFIT & - & \((705,598)\) & - & \((1,891,720)\) \\
\hline NET LOSS & (\$1,652, 290 ) & (\$1,103, 629) & \((\$ 5,575,728)\) & \((\$ 2,958,843)\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Loss per common share:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Basic & (\$0.16) & (\$0.10) & (\$0.53) & (\$0.25) \\
\hline Diluted & (\$0.16) & (\$0.10) & (\$0.53) & (\$0.25) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Weighted average common shares outstanding:
\begin{tabular}{lcccc} 
Basic & \begin{tabular}{c}
\(10,556,279\) \\
\(============\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(11,453,008\) \\
\(==========\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(10,453,005\) \\
\(===========\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(11,866,229\) \\
\(=========\)
\end{tabular} \\
Diluted & \(10,556,279\) & \(11,453,008\) & \(10,453,005\) & \(11,866,229\)
\end{tabular}

See accompanying notes to financial statements
-4-

THE QUIGLEY CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

Six Months Ended
\[
\text { June } 30,2000 \text { June } 30,1999
\]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline NET CASH FLOWS USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES & \((\$ 5,485,450)\) & \((\$ 1,326,934)\) \\
\hline CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: & & \\
\hline Capital expenditures & \((291,027)\) & \((75,765)\) \\
\hline Patent rights and other assets & - & \((106,066)\) \\
\hline NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES & \((291,027)\) & \((181,831)\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
Tax benefits from stock options,
warrants and common stock - 389,847

Proceeds from exercises of options and warrants - 427,499
Repurchase of Common Stock - \((12,907,391)\)

NET CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES - (12,090,045)

NET DECREASE IN CASH
\((5,776,477) \quad(13,598,810)\)

CASH \& CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD

CASH \& CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD

\[
(5,776,477)
\]
\[
(13,598,810)
\]
13,990,475 28,331,765
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CASH \& CASH EQUIVAIENS, END OF PERIOD
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\(\$ 8,213,998\) & \(\$ 14,732,955\) \\
\(============\) & \(===========\)
\end{tabular}
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See accompanying notes to financial statements
-5-

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THE QUIGLEY CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS

The Quigley Corporation (the "Company"), organized under the laws of the state of Nevada, is primarily engaged in the development, manufacturing, and
marketing of health products that include homeopathic cold remedies. The products developed are being offered to the general public. For the fiscal periods presented, the Company's proprietary "Cold-Eeze(R)" products contribute the majority of revenues and profits.

In the last half of 1998, the Company launched Cold-Eeze(R) in a sugar free version of the product to benefit diabetics and other consumers concerned with their sugar intake. Late in the fourth quarter of 1998, the Company launched a bubble gum version of Cold-Eeze(R) and a dietary supplement product.

Cold-Eeze(R) products are based upon a proprietary zinc gluconate glycine formula which, in two double blind studies have been shown to reduce the severity and duration of common cold symptoms by nearly half. The results of the latest randomized double-blind placebo-controlled study of the common cold were published in 1996 in the Annals of Internal Medicine - Vol. 125 No 2. Research is continuing on this product in order to maximize its full potential use by the general public.

The Company has an exclusive agreement for worldwide representation, manufacturing, marketing and distribution rights for the zinc gluconate glycine lozenge formulation, known as "Cold-Eeze(R)", which is patented in the United States, United Kingdom, Sweden, France, Italy, Canada, Germany, and pending in Japan. In 1996, the Company also acquired exclusive license for a United States zinc gluconate use patent number RI 33,465 from the patent holder. This use patent gives the Company exclusive rights to both the use and formulation patents on zinc gluconate for reducing the duration and severity of common cold symptoms.

The business of the Company is subject to federal and state laws and regulations adopted for the health and safety of users of the Company's products. Cold-Eeze(R) is a homeopathic remedy that is subject to regulations by various federal, state and local agencies, including the FDA and the Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States.

The Company competes with suppliers varying in range and size in the cold remedy products arena. Cold-Eeze(R), which has been clinically proven, offers a significant advantage over other suppliers in the over-the-counter cold remedy market. The management of the Company believes there should be no future impediment on the ability to compete in the marketplace now, or in the immediate future, since factors concerning the product, such as price, product quality, availability, reliability, credit terms, name recognition, delivery and support are all properly positioned. The Company has several Broker, Distributor and Representative Agreements, both nationally and internationally and the product is distributed through numerous independent and chain drug and discount stores throughout the United States. During 1998, the Company commenced international sales to Canada and the Peoples' Republic of China.

The Company continues to use the resources of independent national and international brokers to represent the Company's Cold-Eeze(R) and Bodymate(TM) products, thereby saving capital and other ongoing expenditures that would otherwise be incurred.

Different manufacturing sources are used for the production of the Cold-Eeze(R) bubble gum and sugarfree products and the same manufacturer produces the Cold-Eeze(R) lozenge and Bodymate(TM) products. In addition, the lozenge and Bodymate(TM) manufacturer commenced manufacturing exclusively for the Company in 1997.

Darius International Inc., a new wholly owned subsidiary of The Quigley Corporation, has recently been launched to introduce new products to the marketplace through a network of independent distributors. Darius is a technology driven direct selling organization specializing in proprietary health and wellness products. The Company has commenced shipping product to customers in the third quarter of 2000.

Effective July 1, 2000, The Quigley Corporation acquired a 60\% ownership position of Caribbean Pacific Natural Products Inc., a leading developer and marketer of all-natural sun and skin care products for luxury resorts, theme parks and spas. Caribbean Pacific Natural Products Inc. is a privately held company headquartered in Orlando, Florida.

The formation of Darius International Inc., and the majority ownership in Caribbean Pacific Natural Products Inc., provide diversification to the Company in both the method of product distribution and the broader range of products available to the marketplace.
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-6-
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NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
Basis of Presentation
The consolidated Balance Sheet at June 30, 2000, the consolidated Statements
of Income for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999, and the consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999, have been prepared without audit. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods indicated, have been made. All adjustments made were of a normal recurring nature.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of The Quigley Corporation and Darius International Inc., a new wholly owned subsidiary, which was formed in January 2000 to implement alternative methods of marketing and distribution for existing and new product lines. All inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated.

During July 2000, the Company acquired a 60 percent ownership position of Caribbean Pacific Natural Products, Inc., a leading developer and marketer of all-natural sun and skin care products for luxury resorts, theme parks and spas. This acquisition, accounted for by the purchase method, requires a cash investment that will approximate \(\$ 500,000\) and the provision for a \(\$ 1\) million line of credit, which are secured by inventory and accounts receivable. As of June 30, 2000, \(\$ 300,000\) has been advanced and is included in other assets in the Company's consolidated Balance Sheet. The net assets of Caribbean Pacific Natural Products, Inc. at the acquisition date principally consist of a product license and distribution rights with no recorded value, and \(\$ 300,000\) of working capital previously advanced by the Company.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. It is suggested that these financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999, in the Company's Form 10-K.

Concentration of Risks
Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash, investments and trade accounts receivable.

The Company maintains cash and cash equivalents with three major financial institutions. Since the Company maintains amounts in excess of guarantees provided by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, the Company performs periodic evaluations of the relative credit standing of these financial institutions and limits the amount of credit exposure with any one institution.

The Company currently uses three separate suppliers to produce Cold-Eeze(R) in lozenge, bubble gum, and sugar free tablet form. The Bodymate(TM) product and the Cold-Eeze(R) lozenge are manufactured by a third party manufacturer that produces exclusively for the Company. Substantially all of the Company's revenues are currently generated from the sale of the Cold-Eeze(R) lozenge product. The other forms are manufactured by third parties that produce a variety of other products for other customers. Should these relationships terminate or discontinue for any reason, the Company has formulated a contingency plan in order to prevent such discontinuance from materially affecting the Company's operations. Any such termination may, however, result in a temporary delay in production until the replacement facility is able to meet the Company's production requirements.

Raw material used in the production of the product is available from numerous sources. Currently, it is being procured from a single vendor in order to secure purchasing economies. In a situation where this one vendor is not able to supply the contract manufacturer with the ingredients, other sources have been identified.

Business Segments and Related Information
Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") No. 131, "Disclosure about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information," requires public companies to report certain information about operating segments within their financial statements. The Company had international sales in 2000 to date and also in 1999, the resulting revenues relating to which are not considered material. During the remainder of 2000 , the Company expects further international activities and other operating segments that may require additional disclosures in compliance with the requirements of the Standard.
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-7-
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NOTE 3 - TRANSACTIONS AFFECTING STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
Since the inception of the stock buy-back program in January 1998, the Board subsequently increased the authorization on four occasions, for a total authorized buy-back of \(4,000,000\) shares or approximately \(30 \%\) of the previous shares outstanding. Such shares are reflected as treasury stock and will be
available for general corporate purposes. From the initiation of the plan, 3,994,791 shares have been repurchased at a cost of \(\$ 23,899,226\) or an average cost of \(\$ 5.98\) per share. There were no buy-backs during the first six months of 2000 .

At June 30, 2000, there were 3,792,400 unexercised and vested options and warrants of the Company's stock available for exercise with an additional 100,000 options awarded which are subject to vesting requirements.

NOTE 4 - INCOME TAXES

Certain exercises of options and warrants, and restricted stock issued for services that became unrestricted during various periods, resulted in reductions to taxes currently payable and a corresponding increase to additional-paid-in-capital totaling \(\$ 14,660,288\) for the years ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997. The tax benefit effect of option and warrant exercises during 1999 and 2000 to date was \(\$ 882,259\), however, this benefit is being deferred because of a net operating loss carry-forward for tax purposes ("NOLs") that occurred during the fourth quarter of 1999 from a cumulative effect of deducting a total value of \(\$ 42,800,364\) attributed to these options, warrants and unrestricted stock deductions from taxable income during the tax years 1997 and 1998. The net operating loss carry-forwards arising from the option, warrant and stock activities approximate \(\$ 9.1\) million for federal purposes, which will expire in 2019 and \(\$ 15.3\) million for state purposes, which will expire in 2009. Until sufficient taxable income to offset the temporary timing differences attributable to operations and the tax deductions attributable to option, warrant and stock activities are assured, a deferred tax asset of \(\$ 4,648,151\) equaling the valuation allowance is being provided. The six months period ended June 30,2000 losses are reflected at \(39 \%\) for both the increase in Deferred taxes and the Valuation Allowance. Until profits become available, the overall effective tax rate for 2000 will be \(0 \%\) as compared to the previous effective tax rate of \(39 \%\).

NOTE 5 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") excludes dilution and is computed by dividing income available to Common Stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue Common Stock were exercised or converted into Common Stock or resulted in the issuance of Common Stock that then shared in the earnings of the entity. Diluted EPS also utilizes the treasury stock method that prescribes a theoretical buy-back of shares from the theoretical proceeds of all options and warrants outstanding during the period. Since there is a large number of options and warrants outstanding, fluctuations in the actual market price can have a varying of results for each period presented. Since the periods presented reflect losses, no effect was given for options and warrants because the result would be anti-dilutive.

A reconciliation of the applicable numerators and denominators of the income statement periods presented is as follows (millions, except earnings per share amounts) :
<TABLE>
<CAPTION>
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Months Ended & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Three Months Ended} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Six Months Ended} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Three Months Ended} & Six \\
\hline & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{June 30, 2000} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{June 30, 2000} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{June 30, 1999}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Jun} \\
\hline 30, 1999 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & Income & Shares & EPS & Income & Shares & EPS & Income & Shares & EPS & Income \\
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{Shares EPS} \\
\hline <S> & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{<C>} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{<C>} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{<C>} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{<C>} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{<C>} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{<C>} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{<C>} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{<C>} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{<C>} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{<C>} \\
\hline <C> <C> & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Basic EPS & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{(\$1.7)} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{10.6} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{(\$0.16)} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{(\$5.6)} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{10.5} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{(\$0.53)} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{(\$1.1)} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{11.5} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{(\$0.10)} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{(\$3.0)} \\
\hline 11.9 (\$0.25) & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Dilutives: & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Options/Warrants & - & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-} & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-} & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-} & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-} \\
\hline - & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Diluted EPS & (\$1.7) & 10.6 & (\$0.16) & (\$5.6) & 10.5 & (\$0.53) & (\$1.1) & 11.5 & (\$0.10) & (\$3.0) \\
\hline 11.9 (\$0.25) & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
======== =======
</TABLE>

In the ordinary course of business, the Company has sales brokerage and other arrangements with entities whose major stockholders are also stockholders of The Quigley Corporation, or are related to major stockholders of the Company. Commissions and other items paid or payable under such arrangements amounted to approximately \(\$ 145,000\) and \(\$ 152,000\), respectively, for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999.
-8-

In April 2000, the Company loaned Charles A. Phillips, an officer, director and major stockholder of the Company \(\$ 250,000\), at \(9 \%\) interest, payable on or before September 30, 2000, which is secured by his ownership of the Company's stock. This loan has a current principal and interest balance of \(\$ 154,537\), and is included in prepaid expenses and other current assets at June 30, 2000.

The Company is in the process of acquiring licenses in certain countries through related party entities. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2000 and 1999, fees amounting to \(\$ 121,338\) and \(\$ 56,663\), respectively, have been paid to a related entity to obtain such licenses.

NOTE 7 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES
The Company maintains certain royalty and founders commission agreements with the developers, licensors, founders, and consultants for the Cold-Eeze(R) products. These payments are \(13 \%\) of sales collected less certain deductions. Of this percentage, a three percent royalty on sales collected less certain deductions is payable to the patent holder whose agreement expires in 2002, a three percent royalty of sales collected less certain deductions is payable to the developer of the product formulation together with a two percent consulting fee based on an agreement that expires in 2007. Additionally, a founders' commission is payable totaling \(5 \%\) of sales collected less certain deductions, which is shared by two of the officers whose agreements expire in 2005.

The Company has remaining contractual commitments for advertising and other purchases amounting to approximately \(\$ 750,000\).

The Company had a revolving line of credit with a commercial bank for \(\$ 10\) million that was to be used for general corporate purposes with interest accruing at the Prime Rate, or 225 basis points above the Eurodollar Rate, each to move with the respective base rate. This facility was collateralized by accounts receivable and inventory, and was not renewed in May 2000, its expiration date. There were no borrowings under this line during the entire term of this revolving line of credit.

The Company is subject to legal proceedings and claims noted in Part II, "Other Information", Item I, Legal Proceedings, and claims which have arisen in the ordinary course of its business. Although there can be no assurance as to the ultimate disposition of these matters, it is the opinion of the Company's management based upon the information available at this time, that the expected outcome of these matters, individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.
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-9-
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Item 2: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

In addition to historical information, this Report contains forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those reflected in these forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause such a difference include, but are not limited to management of growth, competition, pricing pressures on the company's product, industry growth and general economic conditions. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect management's opinions only as of the date hereof. The Company undertakes no obligation to revise or publicly release the results of any revision to these forward-looking statements. The Company is subject to a variety of additional risk factors more fully described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Revenues for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2000 were \(\$ 1,300,111\) and \(\$ 7,914,897\) as compared to \(\$ 2,063,319\) and \(\$ 8,200,221\) for the comparable 1999 periods. The first six months of 2000 appeared to support indications that overstocking by our customers is considerably reduced. However, revenues for the period also reflect the fact that the Company was not in a position to supply product to the allergy market due to the FTC's contention that the results of the Cold-Eeze(R) cold symptoms studies were inconclusive regarding allergy symptoms.

As a result of many zinc products exiting the marketplace in the last number of months, Cold-Eeze(R) now has more visibility as the original clinically proven zinc product on the market, effective in reducing the severity and duration of symptoms of the common cold. Throughout 2000 to date, the company has attempted to counteract the efforts by the media and all other sources to discredit Cold-Eeze(R). The market place continues to alter its complexion through mergers and consolidation as is evident in other sectors of the economy.

In conjunction with the foregoing consumer misconception and the low consumer use of Cold-Eeze(R), a substantial investment in advertising initiated in 1998 continued until the end of the first quarter of 2000. This investment was necessary to establish brand awareness for Cold-Eeze(R) and also to promote new product introductions of Cold-Eeze(R) sugar free, Cold-Eeze(R) bubble gum and Bodymate (TM).

The advertising program also involved substantial retail support in the product sell-through to the consumer during mainly the first quarter of 2000 . The advertising cost approximated \(\$ 6.6\) million for the six months ended June 30, 2000 as compared with approximately \(\$ 7.4\) million for the comparable period in 1999, substantially contributing to the loss of \((\$ 5,575,728)\) for the six months ended June 30,2000 as compared to a net loss of \((\$ 2,958,843)\) for the six months ended June 30, 1999. The loss for the six month period ended June 30, 2000 is not tax effected for the potential benefit, which cannot be reflected until the Company returns to profitability. Therefore, consistent comparisons for the periods reflect a loss, before income tax benefit, of \((\$ 5,575,728)\) for the six month period ended June 30,2000 and a loss, before income tax benefit, of \((\$ 4,850,563)\) for the six months ended June 30, 1999 .

The Company continues to use the resources of a contract manufacturer and independent national and international brokers to represent the Company's Cold-Eeze(R) and Bodymate(TM) products, thereby saving capital and other ongoing expenditures that would otherwise be incurred.

Different manufacturing sources are used for the production of the Cold-Eeze(R) bubble gum and sugar free products with the same manufacturer producing the Cold-Eeze(R) lozenge and Bodymate(TM) products. In addition, the lozenge and Bodymate(TM) manufacturer commenced manufacturing exclusively for the Company in 1997, thereby increasing their output and the availability of the product. All three manufacturing sites have the capacity to respond quickly to market requirements.
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-10-
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Results of Operations
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Three months ended June 30, 2000 compared to three months ended June 30, 1999

For the three months ended June 30, 2000, the Company reported revenues of \(\$ 1,300,111\) and a loss of \((\$ 1,652,290)\) as compared to revenue of \(\$ 2,063,319\) and a net loss of \((\$ 1,103,629)\), for the comparable period ended June 30, 1999. Revenues for the second quarter were adversely affected by the fact that the Company was not in a position to supply product to the allergy market due to the FTC's contention that the results of the Cold-Eeze(R) cold symptoms studies were inconclusive regarding allergy symptoms.

The net loss in the second quarter, 2000 is not tax effected for the potential benefit, which cannot be reflected until the Company returns to profitability. Therefore, consistent comparisons for the periods reflect a loss, before income tax benefit, of \((\$ 1,652,290)\) for the three month period ended June 30 , 2000 and a loss, before income tax benefit, of \((\$ 1,809,227)\) for the three months ended June 30, 1999.

Cost of Sales as a percentage of net sales for the three months ended June 30 , 2000 was \(31.5 \%\) compared to \(32.1 \%\) for the comparable period ended June 30, 1999. The lower cost of sales in 2000 reflect less sales activity relating to Cold-Eeze(R) bubble gum and Cold-Eeze(R) sugar free products when compared to the comparable 1999 period. Both of these products have a higher cost of sales
than the lozenge product.
For the three months ended June 30, 2000, total operating expenses were \(\$ 2,701,003\) compared to \(\$ 3,406,666\) for the comparable period ended June 30, 1999. The 1999 expenses reflect the advertising expenditure associated with the post launch promotional support of Bodymate(TM).

During the three months ended June 30, 2000, the major operating expenses of delivery, salaries, brokerage commissions, promotion, advertising, and legal costs accounted for \(\$ 1,679,453(62 \%)\) of total operating costs. The remaining items for this period remained relatively fixed in that they do not follow sales trends. These expense categories for the comparable period in 1999 accounted for \(\$ 2,671,383\) ( \(78 \%\) ) of total operating costs.

Six months ended June 30, 2000 compared to six months ended June 30, 1999
Six

For the six months ended June 30 , 2000, the Company reported revenues of \(\$ 7,914,897\) and a loss of \((\$ 5,575,728)\), as compared to revenue of \(\$ 8,200,221\) and a net loss of \((\$ 2,958,843)\) for the comparable period ended June 30, 1999. The first six months of 2000 reflect benefits resulting from indications that prior overstocking by our customers had been significantly reduced. However, offsetting this was the negative affect to the Company of not being in a position to supply product to the allergy market due to the FTC's contention that the results of the Cold-Eeze(R) cold symptom studies were inconclusive regarding allergy symptoms.

Cost of Sales as a percentage of net sales for the six months ended June 30, 2000 was \(33.9 \%\) compared to \(33.1 \%\) for the comparable period ended June 30, 1999. The 2000 period increased cost of sales reflects a different product mix than that which existed in 1999, due to the improved 2000 performance of both the bubble gum and the sugar free versions of Cold-Eeze(R). Both of these products carry a higher cost of sales as compared to the Cold-Eeze(R) lozenge. Also, international sales in the first six months of 2000 have been higher than the 1999 comparable period and the costs of sales associated with international sales are higher than those of domestic activity.

For the six months ended June 30, 2000, total operating expenses were \(\$ 11,139,458\) compared to \(\$ 10,888,943\) for the comparable period ended June 30, 1999. The 2000 operating expenses have remained high, despite reduced sales, primarily due to a continuing investment in advertising and promotion in order to build and expand the Cold-Eeze(R) brand name long term. The program also involved retail support in the product sell through to the consumer during the concluding part of the 1999-2000 cold season.

During the six months ended June 30, 2000, the major operating expenses of delivery, salaries, brokerage commissions, promotion, advertising, and legal costs accounted for \(\$ 8,966,327\) ( \(80 \%\) ) of total operating costs. The remaining items for this period remained relatively fixed in that they do not follow sales trends. These same expense categories for the comparable period in 1999 accounted for \(\$ 9,438,989\) ( \(87 \%\) ) of total operating costs. The advertising cost approximates \(\$ 6.6\) million for the six months ended June 30,2000 as compared with \(\$ 7.4\) million for the comparable period in 1999 and resulted in a loss to the Company of \((\$ 5,575,728)\) for the six months ended June 30,2000 as compared to a net loss of \((\$ 2,958,843)\) for the six months ended June \(30,1999\).
-11-

\section*{Liquidity and Capital Resources}
- ----------------------------------

The total assets of the Company at June 30, 2000 and December 31, 1999 were \(\$ 23,633,352\) and \(\$ 33,271,056\), respectively. Working capital decreased to \(\$ 17,740,783\) from \(\$ 23,620,669\) during the period. The significant movement within total assets represents the reduction in accounts receivable of \(\$ 4,779,605\), cash and cash equivalents decreasing by \(\$ 5,776,477\), prepaid expenses and other current assets increasing by \(\$ 98,206\) and inventory increasing by \(\$ 501,014\). From a working capital perspective, accounts payable has increased by \(\$ 63,791\) and accrued royalties and sales commissions have decreased over the period by \(\$ 954,545\) while the advertising accrual decreased by \(\$ 3,090,354\). Total cash balances at June 30 , 2000 were \(\$ 8,213,998\), as compared to \(\$ 13,990,475\) at December 31, 1999.

The Company believes that its increased marketing efforts and increased national publicity concerning the Cold-Eeze(R) products, the Company's increased manufacturing availability, newly available products, further growth in international sales together with its current working capital should provide an internal source of capital to fund the Company's business operations. In addition to anticipated funding from operations, the Company may raise capital through the issuance of equity securities to finance anticipated growth.

Notwithstanding current period negative cash flows from operations, management
believes amounts of cash on hand as well as those current assets readily convertible to cash will provide adequate liquidity to support future operations. Any challenge to the Company's patent rights could have a material adverse effect on future liquidity of the Company; however, the Company is not aware of any condition that would make such an event probable.
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Capital Expenditures

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Since the Cold-Eeze(R) and Bodymate(TM) products are manufactured for the Company by an outside source, capital expenditures during 2000 are not anticipated to be material.

Item 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk
Not Applicable
Part II. Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings
The Company is subject to other legal proceedings and claims which have arisen in the ordinary course of its business. Although there can be no assurance as to the ultimate disposition of these matters, it is the opinion of the Company's management based upon the information available at this time, that the expected outcome of these matters, individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

Item 2. Changes in Securities
None
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities
None
-12-

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders
The annual meeting of the Company was held on May 5, 2000 with \(10,349,731\) shares eligible to vote. The presence of a quorum was reached and the following proposals were approved by the stockholders:
(i) To elect a Board of Directors to serve for the ensuing year until the next Annual Meeting of Stockholders and until their respective successors have been duly elected and qualified. (ii) To ratify the appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as independent auditors for the year ending December 31, 2000.

For proposals (i) and (ii) above, the votes were cast as follows:
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Item 5. Other Information

\section*{None}

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
(a) Exhibits

Exhibit 27 - Financial Data Schedule
b) Reports on Form 8-K

There were no Current Reports on Form 8-K filed during the quarter ended June 30, 2000.
-13-

\section*{SIGNATURES}

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

THE QUIGLEY CORPORATION
By: /s/ George J. Longo
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Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer
Date: August 1, 2000
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